## II. MANIFESTATIONS OF CHRIST'S POWER IN PUBLIC MINISTRY JOHN 2

## A. THE MIRACLE AT CANA AND WHAT IT INVOLVED (2:1-11)

1. This miracle took place at a	in Cana of
(2:1). Thi	s presents the first miracle which John
recorded of Jesus with his evangelistic	purpose in mind (20:31).
	ut of wine Mary the mother of Jesus came hat He was on a divine mission and it was
not time for Him to be revealed as Isra (Isa. 53).	nel's and suffering
3. We note that Jesus directed the service with	vants there to fill the six stone (2:6,7). Notice as wine is a
symbol of joy we have a picture of the	condition of those unsaved in this world.
	<del>-</del>
5. Notice according to 2:11 as a result on Him. The	t of this miracle His disciples eir faith at this point indicated that they
	ng them but it needed to increase. There's a
1. This event took place at the season left(2:1) and can	of the(2:13) after Jesus
	esus displayed righteous indignation when ut of the temple (2:15). This indicates to us dignant about.
	emanded a and He gave y grossly misunderstood (2:18-21)
them a sign which they	/ grossiy iiiisunaerstooa (2:18-21)

4. We notice in verses 22-25 while many	, it was not genuine
faith because it was based upon a miracle they	had seen and not upon their need
of redemption and their trust in the Redeemer.	

## QUESTIONS WHICH APPLY TO OUR LIVES

1.	What wisdom do you see displayed by those who arranged the marriage in Cana?
2.	How can a bride and groom invite the Lord Jesus into their homes and lives today?
	What evidence do we find in 2:11 which refutes pseudo-gospel accounts which ributes silly miracles to Jesus during His childhood?
4.	Do you believe the wine which Jesus made was fermented?
5. —	Name some reasons why Christians should avoid alcoholic beverages altogether.
	What was Jesus referring to in verse 2:19? According to Matt. 27:40; Mark 14:58, d Acts 6:14 how were these words taken by others?
	What application should we make from the practices of the money-changers as corded in 2:13-16?

## **EXPOSITORY NOTES**

- 2:4 "Mine hour is not yet come" refers specifically to the hour of Christ's crucifixion. Christ's rebuke to Mary indicated that the performance of His divine mission now involved His sole obedience to His Father in heaven.
- 2:6 Note a firkin was about nine gallons, so six of these pots holding from 2 to three firkins would have contained somewhere around 150 gallons.

- 2:14 "The changers of money" were those who exchanged foreign currencies into the money of Jerusalem so they could buy animals for sacrifice at the temple. This practice involved inequities in exchange and tuning a place of worship into a means of profit.
- 2:22-25 Note the word "believe" is verse 23 is the same word translated "commit" in verse 24. In other words Jesus knew that the belief of many was only superficial because of the miracle they had seen so therefore He didn't put His trust in them.
- 2:25 Jesus knows what is in all men. He knows whether their faith is genuine or lacking. Note the three interviews that follow describe three different types of personality and how the Lord Jesus brought them to genuine saving faith (Nicodemus (3), the woman at the well (4) and the nobleman (5).